



It is considered that the published documents correspond to the following types:

- 1) **Article of scientific and technological research.** Document that presents, in detail, the original results of research projects completed. Structure generally used contains four main elements: introduction, methodology, results and conclusions.
- 2) **Reflection article.** Paper that presents completed research results from an analytical perspective, interpretive or critical, on a specific topic, using original sources.
- 3) **Review article.** Document result of an investigation completed, analyzing, and integrating the research findings published or unpublished, on a field of science or technology, in order to account for the progress and development trends. It is characterized by a careful bibliographic review of at least 50 references.
- 4) **Short article.** Short paper that presents preliminary or partial results of original scientific research or technological, which usually require a quick diffusion.
- 5) **Case report.** Document that presents the results of a study on a particular situation in order to present the technical and methodological experiences given in a specific case. Includes an annotated systematic review of the literature on similar cases.
- 6) **Subject review.** Document resulting from a critical review of the literature on a particular topic.
- 7) **Letters to the editor.** Critical, analytical or interpretive positions about the documents published in the magazine, which in the opinion of the Editorial Committee are an important contribution to the discussion of the issue by the relevant scientific community.
- 8) **Editorial.** Document written by the editor, an editorial committee member or a guest researcher in the domain of thematic orientations of the journal.



- 9) **Translation.** Translations of classic texts or current or transcripts of historical documents or particular interest in the field of magazine publishing.
- 10) **Reflection document not derived from research.**
- 11) **Bibliographical review.**